OJECT FOR NEWARK.

FOR AN INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION. AMODE THE DESITIONS OF NEW-JERSET

ON, N. J., July 25 .- There is a suggest ETON, N. J., July 25.—There is a sugges-ment by pablic epinion that another industrial tim should be held in Newark in which the whole small, if desired desirable, participate. A dozon there was such an exposition in Newark and it the manufacturers of that city a boom. Since then pulsation has grown from 110,000 to 160,000 and in interests have increased in proper-so that there is more ?? make such exhibition successful than ever before, and assemt to be no reason why it should not be of even efit to the city and the State. The variety of cares in Newark would be the chief attraction the an exhibition, and the fact that the city is one grach an exhibition, and the fact that the city is one of the central points of the manufacture of odd and saty goods and the seat of two large electrical manners factories would give the show an interest to sates from abroad. The remainder of the satisfact. Trenton and Paterson alone could fill a large space, and the occasion would be valuable as a mans of bringing people from different sections into more mitimate relations. The Newswiters, who are inspected in the project, are among the most active and

med to succeed in their efforts. There is a breeze ever the expulsion of several units of repute by the "State Dental Society," an organisation which recently held its annual meeting at Asbury Park. The society, it appears, has pronounced excommunication upon members who ventured to advertise that possessed the modern appliances for performing unpleasant and difficult labor. The work of expulsier unpresent and directit is not the work of exput-sion has apparently been going on with considerable vigor, and the society is said to include comparatively few of the whole number of deutists. There has been a disposition to laugh at the foliminations of the society: disposition to laugh at the foliminations of the society: but it appears that the Legislature some years ago was led to place the power of granting diplomas in the hands of the society, and it is quite possible that it might do considerable public harm. It is proposed, therefore, to repeal the laws, and place dentists under the care of the State Board of Health.

ted in the project, are among the most active and is spirited citizens of the place, and they are accus-

There has been some talk of maintaining a labor can-

repeal the laws, and place dentists under the eare of the State Board of Health.

There has been some talk of maintaining a labor candidate for Governor, and Andrew Albright has been mentioned among the Democrats who would be willing to accept the honor. Such a somination would give the peope four candistate for Governor to select from and make the contest more doubtful than ever. How the Democrats would view such a proposition remains to be seen. They seem to be exceedingly uneasy and undecided at present as to their candidate.

The Government powder depot near Dover is slowly approaching completion. The reservation, obtained by the sole heart of the Morria County Mountains, 700 feet to the feet of the desire of the control of the Ordonne Corps. Three great margazines have been built, with suitable structures for the employes and for the gunrd, who will soon be estatemed here. A massive stone wall encircles the reservation. About \$350,000 has been expended thus far, and the total coat will reach introduced the stance of a million. All the powder required for the Atlantic coast will be stored here. The object of choosing this secluded spot was to avoid danger from explosion, to avoid the dampness of the coast and to gain the strategic alivantare of the mountains. A railroad will coast the reservation soun, and immediately after, the storage of powder will begin.

The summer residences along the Morris and Essex Railroad are occupied by city people to an unusually large extent this year. Permanent residents have found that they can lease their placets for almost enough to maintain them comfortably at a good watering place and they are not averse to finding this relief from household cares. The southern and central part of the State nice to the followin

the State.

The Court of Errors has delayed a decision on the Morris and Essex Railroad tax case until the November term, owing to want of time properly to consider the delicate questions of law involved.

THE LABOR PARTY IN CONNECTICUE.

GAINING CONTROL OF THE DEMOCRACY-REPUBLI-CAN STATE CONVENTION.

PROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE! HARTFORD, July 25 .- The laboring men of members who belong to some labor organizations, although not more than half that number are members of the Knights of Labor. Careful political investigators grant to the labor men about 50.000, of which num. ber at least two-thirds are voters. Of the two-thirds it is reasonable to say that the great majority are Democrats. The Democratic leadthe State are ready to grant this, and will . open their campaign upon whatever basis and with whatever candidates the labor men of their party dietate. In short, they have already practically agreed to allow the Phelan. Kehoe and Graves wing of the party to outline the policy and name the men. This labor dement is controlled largely by the men who supported the Greenback movement when it was at its height and who have ever since fought for the mastery of the party in the State, as against the Burr-Brown-Barnum management. This year they have managed to gain control by force of numbers, and the old management will sub mit not exactly to allowing the details of the manageas to approve everything the labor men wish to place in the platform and to support all candidates named by them, always excepting that William II. Barnum is the only Democratic aspirant for the United States Senatorship. This cession will probably result in State ticket in which hard money and other recognized principles of the Connecticut Democracy will be thrown to the wind, and which will represent the Knights of Labor rather more than the Democratic party. If the Democratic backers had not acceded to these demands. ere would have been a separate labor ticket in the

The Republican State Committee will meet the leaders the republican State Committee will meet the leaders of the party in the course of a few days to discuss the spening of the cam pairs and make arrangements for the Bate convention, which will be called at Hartford on Esptember 15, about one month later than the State convention of 1884. Meantime the friends of Colonel Tibbits, Mr. Lounsbury and Mayor Buikley are active, the Lounsbury movement having apparently gained in the easiern part of the blate considerably within the last law days.

Commissioner Tatem, who cares for the dairy interests

Ounsissioner Tatem, who cares for the dairy interests at the State, is somewhat nonptussed by the actions of a Bridgeport police justice who, after finding a dealer suity of violating the ofeomargarine law, suspended puishment, refusing to impose the fine of \$100 as provided by the law. The commissioner says that he is not thing supported by the people in his efforts to enforce be law.

the law.

State Senators Cleveland, Alsop and Stanton have make arrangements for the requient of the Senate of 1836 at Savin Rock, New-Haven, on August 10.

The parition of ex-Postmaster Cook, of Unionville, by the President was handed to him on Friday and he immediately left prison for his home. Judge Shipman, who sentenced him, and District-Attorney Staley, who procedured him, joined in recommending his parden.

THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE.

Yesterday's issue of THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE WAS nich in features of unusual interest, among which were a letter from G. W. S. about Mr. Gladstone, Dr. Wallace and various election incidents in England; a Paris letter about the late Archbishop Guibert; a letter from a staff correspondent on the and of the London concert season; a letter from ne on political and sanitary topics; an article on General Grant and Presidential obstruction; Jackson and his Bride," a dusky romance; Laughter in the Courts; Excursions near the City; From many Points of View; Current Auccdotes; "The Turret Door," a striking story; Ou and Off the Stage; Stories About People; Among the Churches; State Military Forces; review of Martin F. Tupper's autobiography; letters from all the ding summer resorts, etc. News of the day in

brief was as follows:

FORRIGN.—The news in London. — Lord Salzbury's return. — Ruin of Sir Charles Dilke; to meet Captain Foster in Paria. — Action of the State Department with regard to the Shaheries. — The case of Editor Cutting. — The revolation in Tamaulipas.

CONGRESS.—Both branches in session. — Senste: Passage of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill. — House: Passage of the New Ship bill. — Mr. Howitt's blundering. — An expensive Treasury watch dog. — Protest of tobacco as against a House bill.

DOMESTIC.—Statements of detectives who became members of the Anarchist groups in Chicago. — Charges made by Sergeant Connell concerning anaegement of the Greaty expedition. — Charges made by Sergeant Connell concerning the management of the Greaty expedition. —

CTTY AND SUBURBAN.—Brodie beiled and engaged by a dime museum. — Death of Duxer A. Hawkina. — Winners at Monmouth Park; Sasphire, Acstriana, Charity, Rupert, Tecumesh, War Eagle, and Tom Brown. — St. Louis beaten by Brocklyn, the Mets by Louisvife. — Funeral of Mrs. Senjamin H. Field. — Gold value of the legal tender silver dollar (4121 grains) 74.15 cents. — Stocks dull and irregularly low. closing featureless.

Copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies may still be be a series of the copies of the copies

Copies may still be had at the office or by mail. Price 3 cents. PASHION NOTES.

Kilt-pleated skirts are fashionable, but the pleats uset be ofther extremely wide or very sarrow.

White nainsook dresses profusely trimmed with
Valenciennes lace are the favorite dresses for young women this summer. Rough straw hats having the brims rolled up in the

back and on the left side are worn by young ladies and draping.

Foulard and India silks will be in great demand for seaside and watering place toilets. Twilled surans are

also popular. wide white Heroules braid fringed and knotted at the ends is used as each belts for little girls.

Pale shades of pink are fashionable for millinery pur

Transparent bonnets of tulle and jet are trimmed with

bright flowers, popples being the favorite garuiture.

Crope de chine in delicate colors and richly embroidered is used for evening dresses. r Walste 'of watered silk, satin or lace are worn with black skirts; the weists may be either black or of bright colors.

black akirts; the weists may be either black or of bright colors.

Biacx and white plaid silks are prettily combined with plain black silks or surabs. Brown and white plaid surabs are used with pongoes.

Large sunshades of earu ctamine embroidered in gay colors and lined with red silk will be the fastionable parasois for dress occasions this summer.

Shert basques with full effects in front are shown on some of the in ported costumes. The surplice front is popular and white vests may be used on dresses of any material.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS. FEATURES OF NEW-YORK DEALINGS.

Lower markets for grain closed with last week at the Produce Exchange, although the declines have not exceeded the dignity of a reaction, natural enough after so sharp and sustained a buil speculation as has recently been enjoyed. The continued heavy export movement in wheat is the answer of Europe to has recently been enjoyed. The continued heavy export movement in wheat is the answer of Europe to those who are seeking to depress values on the claim that the losses in the spring crop will be much less than was supposed earlier. The engagements yesterday were 160,000 busnels and a great deal of wheat has been sold to arrive, cost, freight and insurance. The options opened weak and \$20 to cost lower, soon were steadled and recovered the losses. But then a renewed selling movement set in with the result of accomplishing a break of 16 to genetation of the cost was heavy at a slight raily, with net declines of 7a for August at 84 to 1.1 cent for September at 85 to October at 86 to and November at 87 a and 1 to for December at 88 and 1 to for January at 90 cents. In corn, spot lois were \$20 to cents. In corn, spot lois were \$20 to cents. In corn, aport purchases—36,000 bushels. The options were easier in sympathy with wheat but closed only \$30 to cent lower as follows: July, 47; August 47 to September, \$48 \$3; October and November, 49 to cents. The casts market was lower butdail, July options falling to 137, August \$72; September \$6 to 33 to cents. The lard market was depressed, cosing 482 points lower as follows: July, \$6 70; August \$72; September, \$6 80; conder, \$6 85; and November, \$6 58.

The receipts of grain on Saturday at New-York, Philadelphia, Baltinore and Boston were as follows: Wheat, 227, 819 bushels; corn, 180,504 bushels; oars, 37,794 bushels; total grain, 455,117 bushels; flour, 23,302 burrels.

THE TRADE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 24 (Special) .- Wheat opened at 75% cents for August and firmed up a trifle. The re-ceipts at S'. Louis were not as large as yesterday, being reported at only 110,000 bushels up to 9 a. m. The export movement at New-York yesterday was very large the official circular showing forty-one loads taken. This was the builing influence. Corn was weak at 41 cents was the number. Cudahy was a bujer of both corn and wheat this morning. It is said that while he has been long on wheat and a loser on this score his profits on the advance in corn have a good deal outwelghed the lo-ses.

long on wheat and a loser on this score his profits on the score his profits on the advance in corn have a good deal outweighed the loses. William Dann says: "There have been orders here for it he Anti-Saloon Conference assalled with considerable to watched the progress of the watched the progress of the extended the progress of the test with growing satisfaction. Presented at the National Conference of the oldest Republicans in has delayed a decision on the diax case until the November time properly to consider the involved.

REY IN CONNECTICUL

THE DEMOCRACY—REPUBLIFIED FOR CONVENTION.

RESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.

5.—The laboring men of boast of a strength of 90,000 to boast of a strength of 90,000 to boast of a strength of 90,000 to some labor organizations, also the hard of the receipts next week and the talk of an increase of 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 in the visible supply. Corn was almost as weak as wheat the talk of an increase of 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 in the visible supply. Corn was almost as weak as wheat in the talk of an increase of 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 in the visible supply. Corn was almost as weak as wheat in the talk of an increase of 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 in the visible supply. Corn was almost as weak as wheat of the receipts next week and the talk of an increase of 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 in the visible supply. Corn was almost as weak as wheat of the receipts next week and the talk of an increase of 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 in the visible supply. Corn was almost as weak as wheat of the receipts next week and the talk of an increase of 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 in the visible supply. Corn was almost as weak as wheat on September wheat, 75's cents; cals on September wheat, 75's cents on Septemb

THE PETROLEUM MARKET.

There is little to say about the petroleum situation that could not as well be said a month age as today. Production is in excess of consumption, the good export business that exists is governed by low values and the speculation in the crude commodity is almost dead. Yet it is unquestionable that a large share of the depressed condition of prices is due mainly to sentiment. which is liable to be altered without any radical change in commercial conditions. It is less than two years since the trade grew accustomed to the idea that Values could not rise unless the stock of oil above ground was continually decreasing. Some of the largest advances ever recorded in crude oil were made when the output was recorded in crude oil were made when the output was far in excess of the demand and taking a series of years the outsiness has shown a steady increase and lavorable development. The new sources of supply discovered since oil sold at \$1.12 a barrel surely have had their speculative influence largely "discovered since oil sold at \$1.12 a barrel surely have had their speculative influence largely "discounted" by the fail in price of 50 cents. The very prosperity of the initiatry depends upon the discovery of new pools and while the first effect of any addition to the waste of the business teactes that a reaction will follow when the relation of consumption to the yield has been fully readjusted—a process sure to occur so long as the commercial situation shows generally steady progress. We are approaching a time when the yield of the Washington field ought to be increased by the opening of many new wells and last weak there was a sharp rise in the output, due to new strikes. The gauges of the district have been as follows on the dates mentioned: On May 8, 3, 3, 3, 7, marrels; May 15, 4,539; May 22, 5,197; May 29, 5,596; June 5, 606; June 12, 10,224; June 19, 7,546; June 26; 7,302; July 3, 6,382; July 10, 6,747; July 17, 6,604 and July 24, 8,091 barrels from 41 wells. The preparations made at the Taylorstown well indicate that the owners expect it to be a good producer and it would not be surprising if snother pocket of oil were found there. But there is nothered for slarm at this, because the spotty character of the Washington held ("dusters" being opened alongalde of big "guahers" and vice-versa) puts the value of each well, as affecting the commercial resolution, on the independent basis of the particular amount of the product found in each particular well. In other words, a dozen owners may reap seed profits out of the fertility of their lands and another dozen may lose all the money they have put into their ventures. The figures of the National Transit and the Tidewater Pipellines showed last week about the sam far in excess of the demand and taking a series of years

THE MONEY MARKET.

The United States Treasurer's receipts from customs last week amounted to \$4.406,440 and from internal revenue to \$2,197,279—total from both \$6,605,723. The Treasurer's not available balance was increased \$3,221,177. The gain in gold of \$486,647 was made by an accumulation of \$555,237 buillion less an issue of \$85,500 certificates. The gain in legal tenders of \$1,762,731 was made by an accumulation of \$395,000 in the amount of outstanding certificates. The gain of \$755,129 in National bank notes was because of an accumulation of \$765,325 notes in "process of redemption." The Treasurer actually owns only \$270,032 National bank notes. The gain of \$682,733 in the silver balance was made by an accumulation of \$289,103 SUNDAY, July 25-P. M. balance was made by an accommission of \$289,103 builton plus a reduction of \$393,630 in the amount of outstanding certificates.

Subjoined are the results of Saturday's statement as compared with those of the statement of July 17:
Gold coin and buil, less certificates and \$100,000,000 res. \$57,501,229 \$57,507,975 100 less cer. 17,456,889 19,219,620 Inc. 1,762,731 Nat. banks notes. 18,184,184 18,656,515 Dec. 18,185,185 14,151,874 18,656,515 Dec. 195,339 buillon less cer. 18,185,185 18,185

\$189,406,907 \$192,598,788 Inc. \$3,191,881

Net avail balance \$118,608,178 \$121,829,355 inc. \$3,221,177 Non-legal-tenler (trac.) sliver coins. 28,702,083 28,690,465 Dec. 11,618 Potal belance..... \$147,310,261 \$150,519,820 Inc. \$3,200,559

Total balance...... \$147,319,261 \$159,519,820 Inc. \$3,209,559

Yesterday's bank statement reported no changes of importance, but as the figures are averages of the daily balances for six days it of course is possible that they may conceal movements of important proportions. For the week ended Friday evening the Sub-Treasury's receipts from customs duties were nearly all in legal-tender notes (\$2,672,000 out of a total of \$3,116,108), and that, together with the currency receipts from other sources, was enough over its counters to increase its currency balance \$1,608,645. As the banks report a loss of only \$73,800 legal fonders, it follows that the receipts from the interior mints have been on a liberal scale, or that the average system is out of joint. The banks report a specie gain of \$254,300, and the 8th-Treasury gained \$307,048 "coin." From this time out the banks are going to show surpline resources which will be small compared with these of the same dates of 1884 and 1885; but for several weeks yet to come they probably will compare favorably with the four years preceding 1884. The following compares yesterday's statements with those of the corresponding dates of 1885 and 1881;

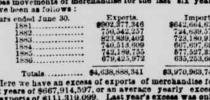
Specie. \$74,792,700 \$115,733,400 \$63,978,000 Legal tenders. 32,229,800 44,876,200 44,995,200 Total reserve. \$107,022,500 \$160,000,600 \$108,973,200

Reserve requir'd ag'st deposits.	76,394,375 9		66,425	94,703,600	
Surplus	\$30,623.12	5 \$64,3	\$64,343,175		
Ratio of reserve	35.0		41.97	28.7	
The fellowing is	s Saturday's	statement	-		
BANKS.	Loans.	Specie.	Legal- tenders.	Deposits.	
New-York	10.840,000,	1.627,000	1,447,000	10,547,008	
Manhattan Co	9,651,000	1,786,000	925,000	10,361,000	
Merchants' Mechanics'	7.258,6381 9.606,000	704,000	2,729,200 1,297,000	9,0+2,000	
America	THE POST CHARLE	1 217 700F	737,300	11,313,400	
Phenix	OF STATE OF THE PARTY.	1,217,700	-541,000	2,652,000	
City	THE PARTY SHARE	3,805,500	1,879,000	14,148,300	
Tradesmen's	2,470,000	294,600	235,000 178,000	2,107,306 1,685,306	
Fulton	1,102,400	10,118,300	850,300		
Merchants' Ex	2,102,400	445,3680	4000,000	3,352,500	
Gallatin	6,182,400a	62H HHH	793,400	5,023,100	
Butch & Dro.	3 COST 12 RES	297,500 62,000	252,100	1,931,30	
Mech. & Trad.	1.4100,0000	62,000	198,000	1,508,000	
Greenwich	1,188,500	121,500	131,400		
Leather M Frs. Seventh Ward.	3,249,448	270,000	540,500	1,235,800	
Seventh Ward.	3,645,000	188,800	107,600 293,500	3,500,400	
Amer Exch	10,4100,000	43 4145 411 161	THE RESERVE	1.1 44MT 4HH	
Commerce	1 - 140 DOME	T.O.S. DERE	3,468,400	14 MALINE	
Broadway	5.521 SON	1,252,500	750000 13303	D. 32 1. (H	
Mercaptile	ACCOUNT OF REAL	1.2.12.74.81	562,400	12,000 to 1888	
Pacafic	2,354,250	1,349,700	343,000	7.195 (MN	
Republic	7,910,500 4,122,200	843,500	451,200	4,545,108	
People s	1、光本公式的例果	14500	451,200 227,200	4,845,108 2,227,600	
No America	3,451,000	200,500	400,700	\$150 ATT, 2004	
Hanover	16.163.3, 19.86	2,69.2,399)	911,400	11,603,10	
Irving	3,141,000	362,500	433,100	3,100,000	
Citizens'	2,800,000	218,700	258,000 428,700	3,015,100	
Nassau	3,283,100	401,200	3.14,700	2.7001,000	
Market St Nicholas	1,851,500	174,400	156,400	1,6009,400	
Shoe & Leath.	3, 200,000	DESK THEF	35-4-000	3,4035,000	
Corn Exch	5,883,5000	562,700	540,000		
Continental	4,0H(2,1HH)	570,100Y	203,900	5,870,608 2,100,108	
Cricutal	20,0000	3,461,700		23 1 Mes 148	
Imp. & Trad	20,212,500	3,144,200	3,407,600	24,972,30	
North Biver	1,505,000	1 (30.163)	230,000	2,245,00	
Last Hiver	1,212,2(8)	1.77.75. (Laborator)	196,000	1,072,00	
Fourth Nat	17.6635.700		1.982,100	18,400,300	
Central Nat	B.BTO, OKAR	1 A CHIPLE	1,150,000	19,5419,1919	
Second Nat	3,235,000	731,000 1,071,000	286,000 736,100	5 751 BO	
North Nat	4.996,400	3,796,700	1,758,304	6 200 522 748	
First Nat	5,004,300	474,1MM	1.197.000	5,492,00	
NY Nat Ex	T 05-67, 140 H 3	105,500	236,000	1,362,30	
Bowery	2,252,400 2,422,400	184,400	399,000	0.02305.40	
NY County	2,422,400	383,100	354,400	2,851,60	
Ger. Amer	2,19,000, 20,000	473, Hills	507 (28	2.665,80 4,313,20	
Chase	3.423,60%	779,600	214,808 597,688 149,768	3,507,50	
Futh Ave	2,431,500	280,000	SUSCIENT	B 2 NS 5 (B)	
Germania	2,153,500	167,400	497.700	2.7.14.00	
United States	4,207,200	885,000	1 Think 1 THE	4,3823,40	
Lancoin	2,142,600	485.000	SEE 55.200	FI 20.402339.14	
Carfield	1.829.700	305,200	207,000	1,764,09	
Fitth Nat	1,321,900	27th thing	Newstern.	1,492,30	
West Side	1,605,000	868,700	283,508 495,208	4,427,40	
West Shie	4 1004 1000	344,700	2-2,100	2.10	
Scaboard	1,610,400	436,000	150,50	3,016.26	

Again, hast week the exchanges at the New-York Clearing House were smaller than in the corresponding week of 1855; but the difference of \$29,000,000 may cashy be accounted for by the smaller volume of business at the Stock Exchange, although vances now are much higher than one year ago. The exchanges hast week, however, amounted to \$35,500,000 less than in the preceding week, and the operations at the Stock Exchange were nearly slike in volume for both weeks. This is not a favorable indication.

The bank exchanges at the New York Clearing House and the stocks sold at the New York Stock Exchange for the week of three years compare as follows:

Week ended— July 26, 1884. July 25, 1885. July 24, 1886. Exchanges ...\$451,156,5-3 \$548,431,047 £510,600,073 No. shares sold.... 1,746,005 2,472,349 1,131,513



lines showed delivers as they have done since June.

It we are runs and delivers as they have done since June.

It we are runs and delivers as they have done since June.

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Making all showance for reports creative and allowance for reports creative purposes, there could be good monor to four that the core crop will be materially retained by good monor to four that the core crop will be materially retained by good monor of the private dispatches where have been received in the city concerning the condition, believing that it is not too late for some of the demage to be pertainly make good by favorable weather. The prospects, because it he demage to be pertainly make good by favorable weather. The prospects between the condition, and "spot" closes I -10 cent lower. The export morement continues large for the season, having arconted last week to 29,459 bales against 3,956 bales for the week of 1985, and making the aggressia since September I, 1885, of 4.218,244 bales against 3,957,559 bales for the verk of 1985, and making the aggressia since September I, 1885, of 4.218,244 bales against 3,957,559 bales for the verk of 1985, and making the aggressia since September I, 1885, of 4.218,244 bales against 3,957,559 bales for the verk of 1985, and making the aggressia since September I, 1885, of 4.218,244 bales against 3,957,559 bales for the verk of 1985, and making the aggressia since September I, 1885, of 4.218,244 bales against 3,957,559 bales for the verk of 1985, and making the aggressia since of the advance of the point of orders for the residual state of the second state of the preduct for August at 2,500,000 tens, which was a compromise between like residual wisees for 3,200,000 tens and the conservative opinion that it should not exceed to advance the price of coal 15,220 cents upon the actual figures. The trade generally, newwer, has little faith in the adherence to the allotted output or in the main tenance of the advanced figures, and, therefore, as atocks every where are large, little new business has been accepted to the second se

STOCKS.	Price Jy 25 1885.	ACTUAL SALES.			Final	No. of
		High.		Final, Jy 24		shares sold.
Canada South		45 1	43%	41	48 41	12.81
Central of NJ	4412	56%	5474	55%	55%	22,700
Cent Pacific	3342	4335	4239	42%	42	2,12
Chic & NW	20	11334	112			54,19
Chie M & St P	79%	93%	912	P214	93 .	100.71
Chie stP M & O.	254	.47	4.14	4.6	455	10.16
Chie B & Q	12014	1354	134 %	1 1 N	13514	3,12
CCC&I CHV & Tol	91	37 12 32 12	314	314	3124	2.87
Del Lar & W	9919	1277	125%	1271	127 4	140,88
Del & Hudson		985	97	313	98.5	11.11
ET pr ass't pd		1434	134	135	135	30, 1154
Ill Central		130%	130	1373	140 1	1.74
Ind B & W	10%	17 2	1000	17	1234	13.70
lake Shore	68	871	85	Sections	145.54	81.76
Lake E & West		914	- 0	917	812	2.60
Louis & Nash		451	42	453	423	61,37
Mich Control	7000	77.0	7.5	75%	74.5	3.67
Mo Kan & Tex	20%	32.4	30%	40.10.10	W 1 1 1 1	39,10
NAMES OF TAKE	1 1	59 %	57	57%	57	5.82
New-York Cent.	97	2 / 162 Tax	1064	1004	1(85%	8,14
NY LE & W	133	334	3214	32	32 %	1005,425
NY & NE	21	464	42%	415	42%	86.25
Nor & W pri	104	41%	394	40%	40.9	12,59
Nor Pacific.		2834	2014	24%	27.1	0.55
Nor Pacific prf		615	5000	615	7614	47.50
Ohio & Miss	17	109%	24	24%	1075	9.06
Or R & Nav Oregon Trans	1.4	34 -2	107	34 %	35 12	32.70
P Dec & Ev	13	25%	224	251	2017	23.42
Phil & Rent		25%	24 %	25%	25 4	16.05
South Pacific		3.0%	381	25.7	39	3.02
stl. a SF prf	324	52	494	52	50391	10.27
Texas Pacific	13%	110	195	107.	11	160,233
Union Pacific	48	57.14	55	55%	55391	42.55
Wate pruse t pil.	1	20134	250 kg	29 4	297	3,33
W U Tel	65	417.50	56 h	\$145 Tes	117.54	32,50
Con Gast	94	84%	80%	80 9	83%	14,37
Pacific Mail	47%	5	Settle	56%	57%	10,39
Sales of 39 stor	K at	10000		W. Carrie		1.009.52
bairs of 76 other						61.36

The following were Saturday's quotations for unlisted se Bid. Asked. St. Joe & Grand I Ata & Char Air

Line 1st intg
gen bls X 124
Do Income 105
Bos Hart & Eric
new stock 4
Bos Hos T & West
stock deb. 85

Bid. Asked.

St. Jos & Grand Bid. Asked.

St. Jos & Grand Bid. Asked.

St. Jos & Grand Bid. Asked.

Ist. 1084
Do do now stock 29
Texas & Pas Scrip 1885
Texas sc

While the transactions in mining stocks at the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange last week amounted only to 49,230 shares against \$2,335 shares for the preceding week, the business was better distributed and the general tone of the market was arrough. Bothe Consolidated rose from \$155 to \$3 15 a\$2.75 and Bulwerrose from \$9 to 92 cents. The Constitutes were in better demand at irregular figures. Consolidated California and Virginia rose from \$1.45 to \$1.70, Hale and Norcross from \$2.75 to \$3; metra Newada declined from 95 to 84.392 cents, and Yellow Jacksteeli at \$1.30281.25 \$71.30.

CL OSING	PRICE		CALIFORNI. FRANCISCO, J		
	Cesterday	y. To de	y. Y	esterday.	To-day
Alta Juliwer J	1.75 3.00 2.25 1.75 8.00	.70 .90 1.75 3.00 2.37 ½ 1.75 3.00 1.75 3.00	Mexican Mono Navajo Ophir Potosi Savage Sierra Nevali Unio Con Utah Vellow Jacket	1.50 .90 3.50 .70 .95	.90 2.25 .85 1.50 .90 .73 1.125 1.375

..... 2.50 2.50 1 CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS.

Ye	sterilas	. Tord	ay. Yes	terday !	Fo-day.
A & Top 1st 7s	127 997a	127	NY & N Eg 7s.	1772	130 1775
Roston & Alba'y	195		wis Cont R R	20%	20 %
Cin San & Clev.	14	14	(new)	2135	214
Fint & P M pfd	88	95	Calum't & Hecla Franklin	210-2	10
L H & Ft S Mex Cen com	39 ts		Osceola.	11	11.
Mexican Centr'l bond script	61	61	Bell Telephone.	212	214
Mexican Central 1st Mor Honds		37%	Water Power	44	3.874
NYAN Eng.	45	44%			

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CHICAGO,	MILWAUKEE	AND ST. PAUL	*
Number of miles Third week in July. Jan. 1 to July 21	1884. 4,770 #439,541 11,711,081	1885. 4,804 \$492,878 11,874,068	1886. 4,932 \$455,000 12,004,000
8T.	PAUL AND D	ULUTII.	
Number of miles Second week in July. Jan. 1 to July 14	\$25,550 \$46,718	\$32,496 534,796	\$29,002 629,759
BUFFALO, 1	ROCHESTER A	ND PITTSBUR	G.
Number of miles Third week in July. Jan. 1 to July 21	\$24,825 573,767	\$24,141 626,732	\$25,445 681,877
ST. LO	CIS AND SAN	FRANCISCO.	
Number of miles Third week in July. Jan. 1 to July 21	732 \$79,082 2,350,687	\$74,400 2,186,191	\$83,700 2,293,630
DENT	ER AND BIO	GRANDE.	
Number of miles Third week in July. Jan. 1 to July 21	697,723	1,817 \$124,568 3,106,142	1,317 \$130,882 3,268,980

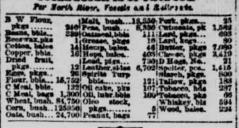
ECROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETS. EUROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETS.

LONDON, July 24.—12.30 p. m.—Consels, 101 1.14 for money and 101 b for the account; United states Four Per Cent Bonds, 129 b; Erie, 33 b; do. Second Consols, 101 b; Hillious Central, 141; Mexican Ordinary, 22 b; St. Paul Common, 144; LONDON, July 24.—2 p. m.—Consols, 101 3.16 for both money and the account; Atlantic and Great Western First Mortgage Trustees Certificates, 48 b; do. Second Mortgage, 15 b; Erie, 13 b; do. Second Consols, 101 b; Mexican Ordinary, 33 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 33 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 33 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 33 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; Second Mortgage Consols, 101 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 35 b; New York Central, 109 b; Mexican Ordinary, 101 b; Mexican Ordin

EUROPEAN PRODUCE MARKETS.

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE DEFROIT, July St.—Whenh-Me. J White, JT vs., Cash and paly; Cash Mindigan Red. 77 As. 5 Red. Tvs., Cash and July Angrad, 77 As., Sept., July, Corn.—See. 8, 45c. Gate— See. 8 Star, No. 5 White, See. THE MARKETS.

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

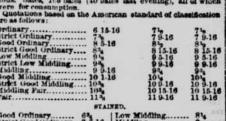


GENERAL MARKET REPORT. GENERAL MARKET REPORT.

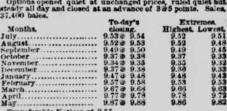
COFFEE—There was no business of importance accomplished in the line of private trading and values for Brazil grades show no change from the basis of 9½c, for Fair Rio cargoes. Mild grades quiek The contract market opened quiet at linehanged quotations, and final figures showed no change, being as follows: January, 7,80 27.85; Feptember, 7,60 27.80; July, 7.80 27.85; Angust, 7.80 47.85; Reptember, 7.60 27.70; October, 7,70 27.75. November, 7.70 27.75; December, 7.75 27.80. Sales, 15,500 bags.

COTTON—The spot movement was light to-day and the prices were not changed from the basis of yesterity's valuations. Sales, 1:5 baies (40 bales last evening), all of which were for consumption.

Quotations based on the American standard of classification are as follows:



Good Ordinary...... 63 | Low Middling...... 814 | Strict Good Ordinary. 7 7-16 | Middling...... 9 Options opened quiet at unchanged prices, ruled quiet but steady all day and closed at an advance of 3 #5 points. Sales, 37,440 bales.



production demands.

Postern, 14914-14.

Poste

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Saturday, July 24.—BEEVER.—Receipts were including 25 cars yesterday afternoon; 57 cars of 1.016 head-sk cars at Jersey City and 25 cars at 60th-st. Total for the week 2.916 head, against 9,449 head last week. There were 40 cars for exporters and 5 cars direct to a city shappthere. Of the 12 cars of Texans and Colorados which arrived late yesterday about 8 cars were sold at rather lower figures than were obtained in the morning. No trade to-day in Live Of the 12 cars of Tokans and Coloration which arrived hose yealerday about 8 cars were sold at rather lower figures than were obtained in his morning. No trade to-day in Live Cattle.

The Grecian Monarch salled this morning with 200 Live Cattle for N. Morris, 150 for M. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. H. Elliott. The Greece will take 418 head for Mr. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. H. Elliott. The Greece will take 418 head for Mr. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. H. Elliott. The Greece will take 418 head for Mr. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. H. Elliott. The Greece will take 418 head for Mr. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. H. Elliott. The Greece will take 418 head for Mr. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. H. Elliott. The Greece will take 418 head for Wr. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. H. Goldsufft, and 100 head for D. Goldsufft, and

showed a decline of \(\frac{1}{2} \) &c. under the best prices of the day, which showed a decline of \(\frac{1}{2} \) &c. under the best prices of the day, which showed a decline of \(\frac{1}{2} \) &c. under the best prices of the day, which showed a feet of the day is a feet of the day. The showed a decline of \(\frac{1}{2} \) &c. under the best prices of the day. White stee \(\frac{1}{2} \) &c. (2.5000 bush, including No. 2 at \(\frac{1}{2} \) &c. (3.5000 bush, including No. 2 at \(\frac{1}{2} \) &c. (4.500 bush, inclu

is not now expected to give an average output. The stocks are small of Wheta ill over France, and the reserve in farmers hands are unusually small. The stock of Wheat in Marsellies on July 3, 1886, was 402,145 bushels, and in Bordoau; 75,000 lushels. The quantity of Wheat on passage to the continent of Europe is, in the last part of June, 5, 154,000 bushels, against 1,391,000 bushels corresponding date in 1885. The imports of Wheat of Wheat into France for the two weeks ended July 3, 1880, were 1,495,000 bushels, against 435,000 bushels, against 435,000 bushels, against 436,000 bushels, against 436,000 bushels, against 436,000 bushels against 436,000 bushels, aga